

PPAR α activation influences plasma one-carbon metabolites and B-vitamin status in rats

Vegard Lysne

Bodil Bjørndal

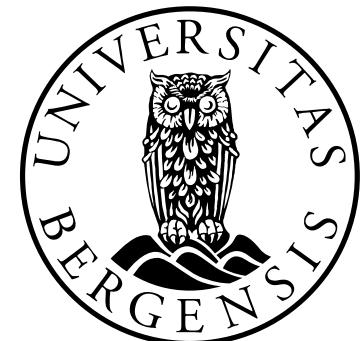
Mari Lausund Grinna

Per Magne Ueland

Rolf Kristian Berge

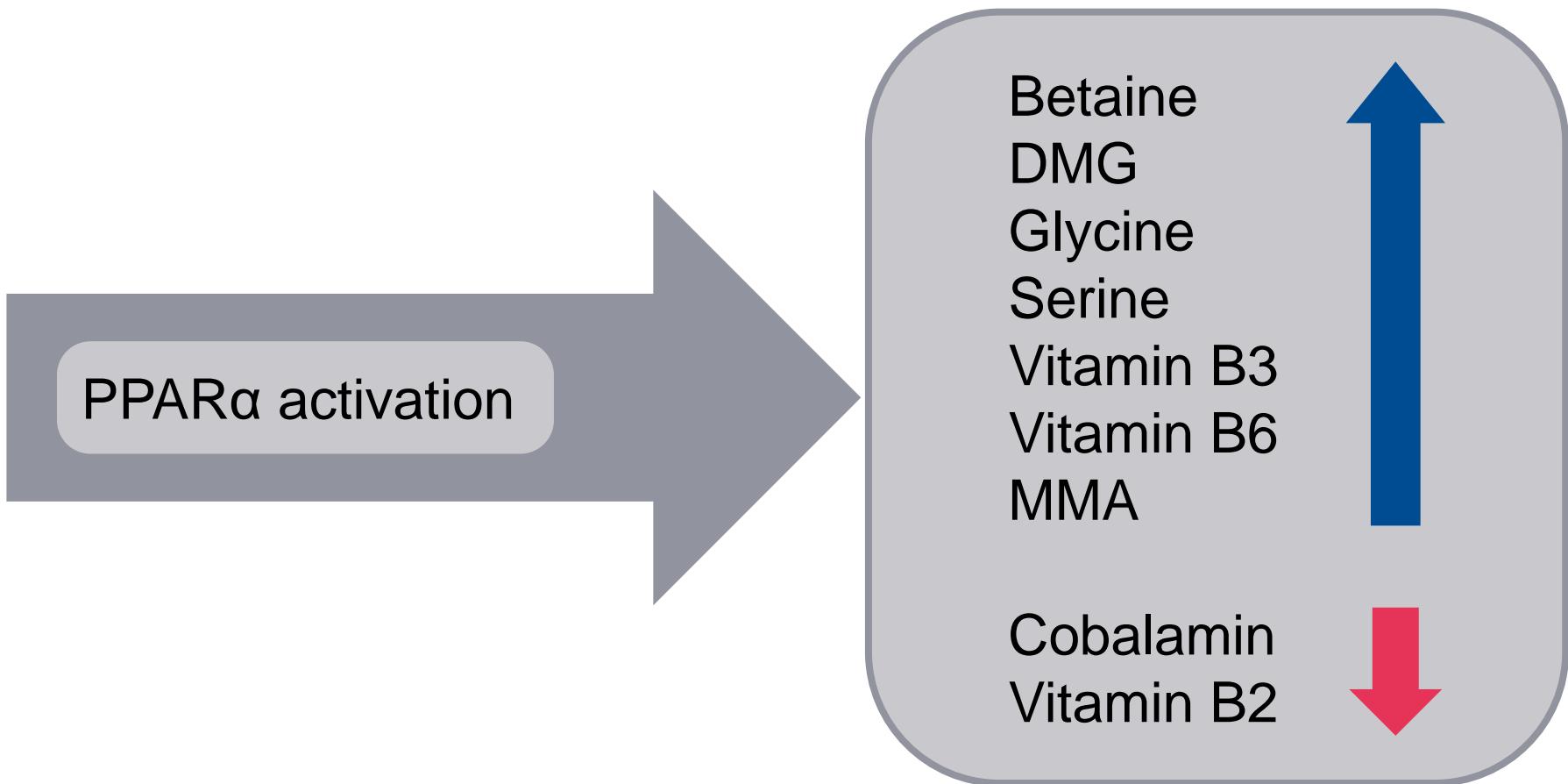
Ottar Nygård

Elin Strand



Key findings

PPAR α activation influences plasma metabolites



PPARs

Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors

3 subtypes:

- PPAR α , PPAR γ , PPAR β/δ

Energy metabolism

PPAR α involved in one-carbon metabolism

- DMGDH \downarrow
- SARDH \downarrow
- GNMT \downarrow

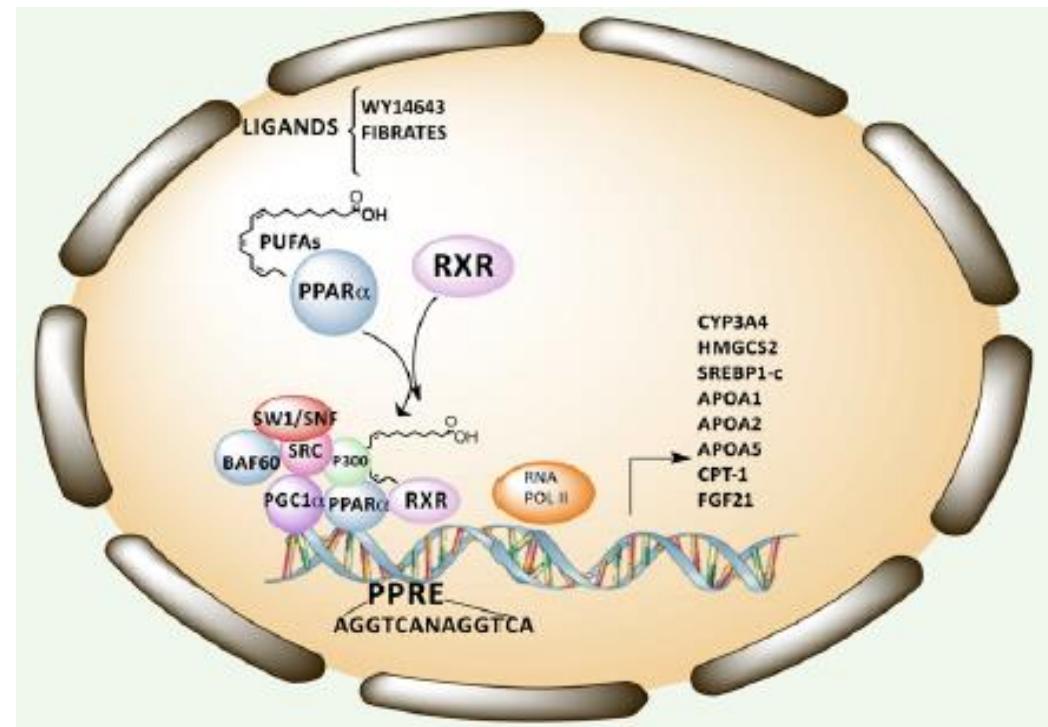


Figure: Contreras, A, et al. Adv Nutr 2013.

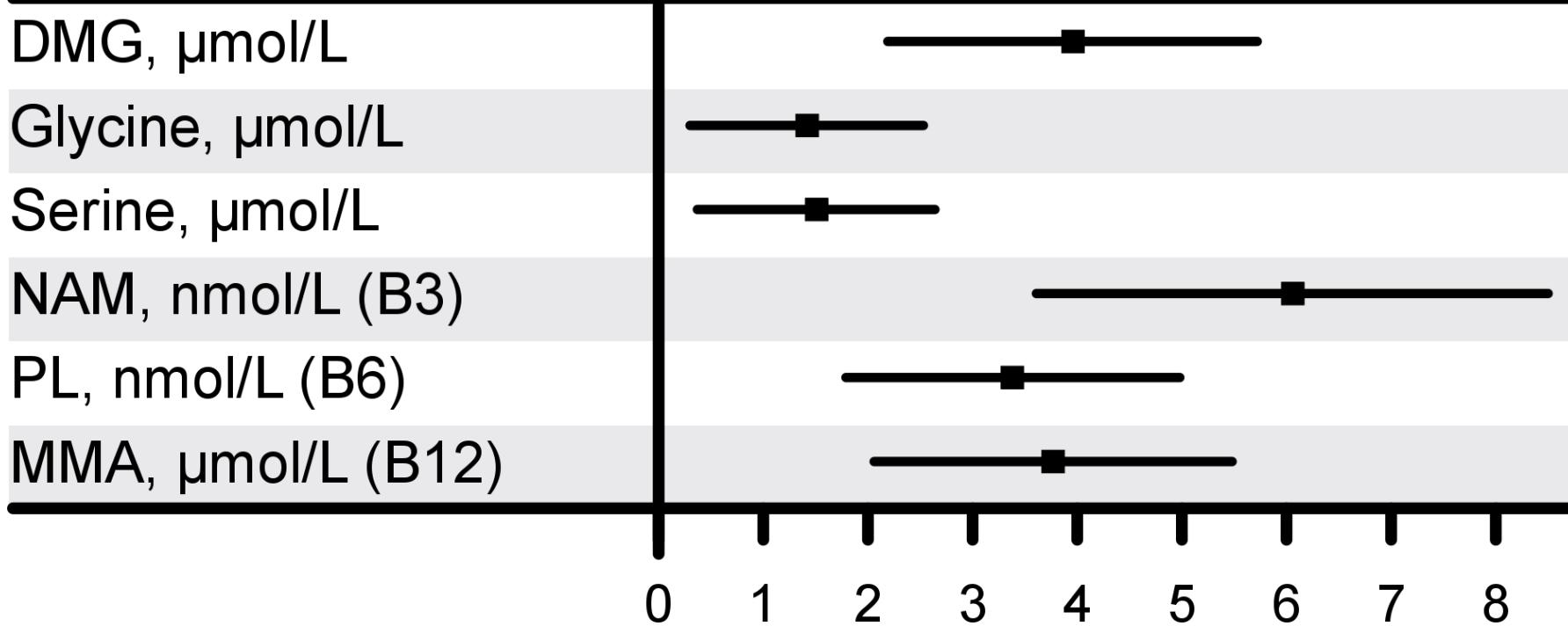
Sheikh, K. Am J Physiol Endocrinol Metab(2007).

Chu, R. Mol Cell Biol(2004).

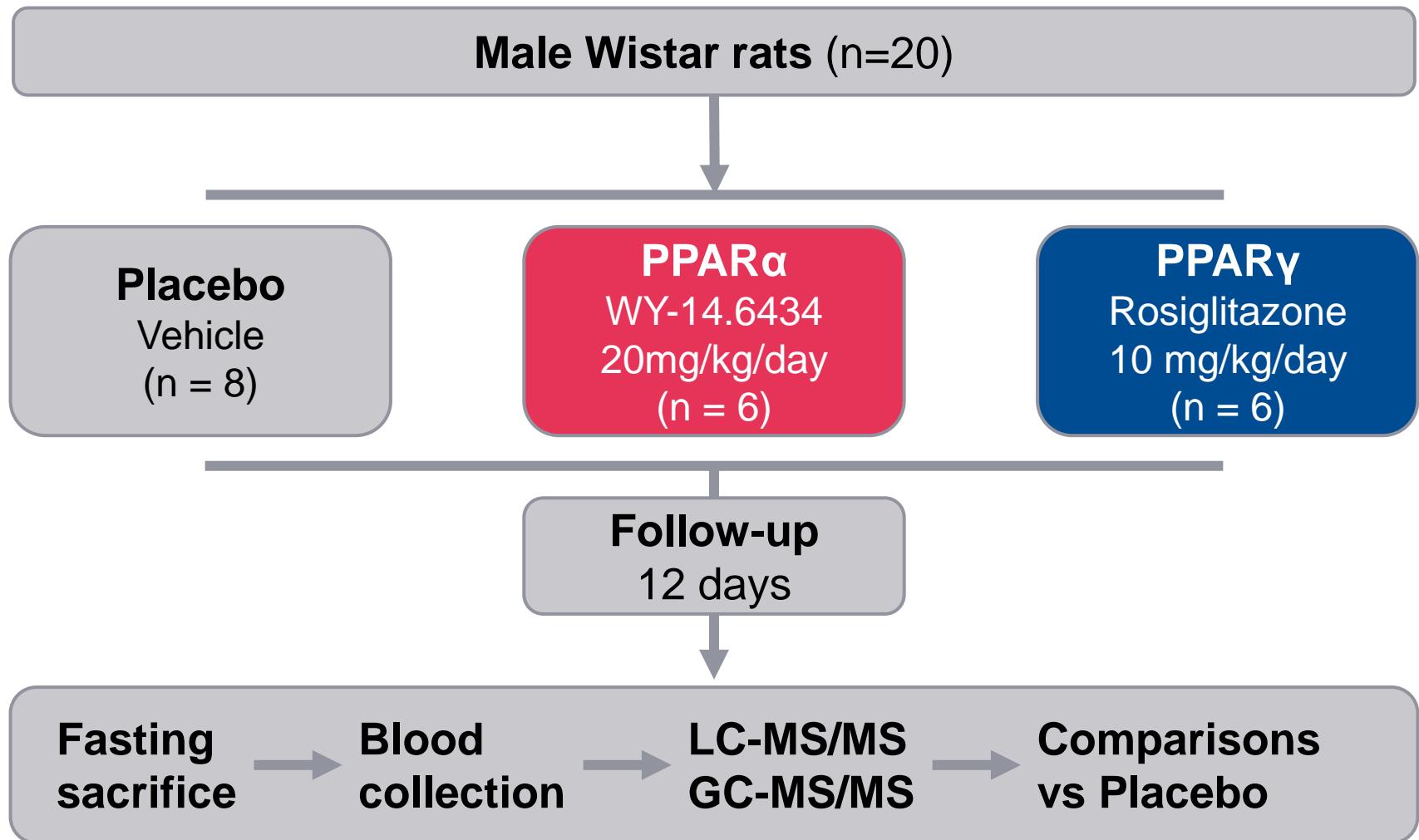
Wrzesinski, K. J Proteomics.(2013)

PPAR activation by a tetradecylthioacetic acid (TTA) increased plasma one-carbon and B-vitamins in rats

SMD: TTA vs Control

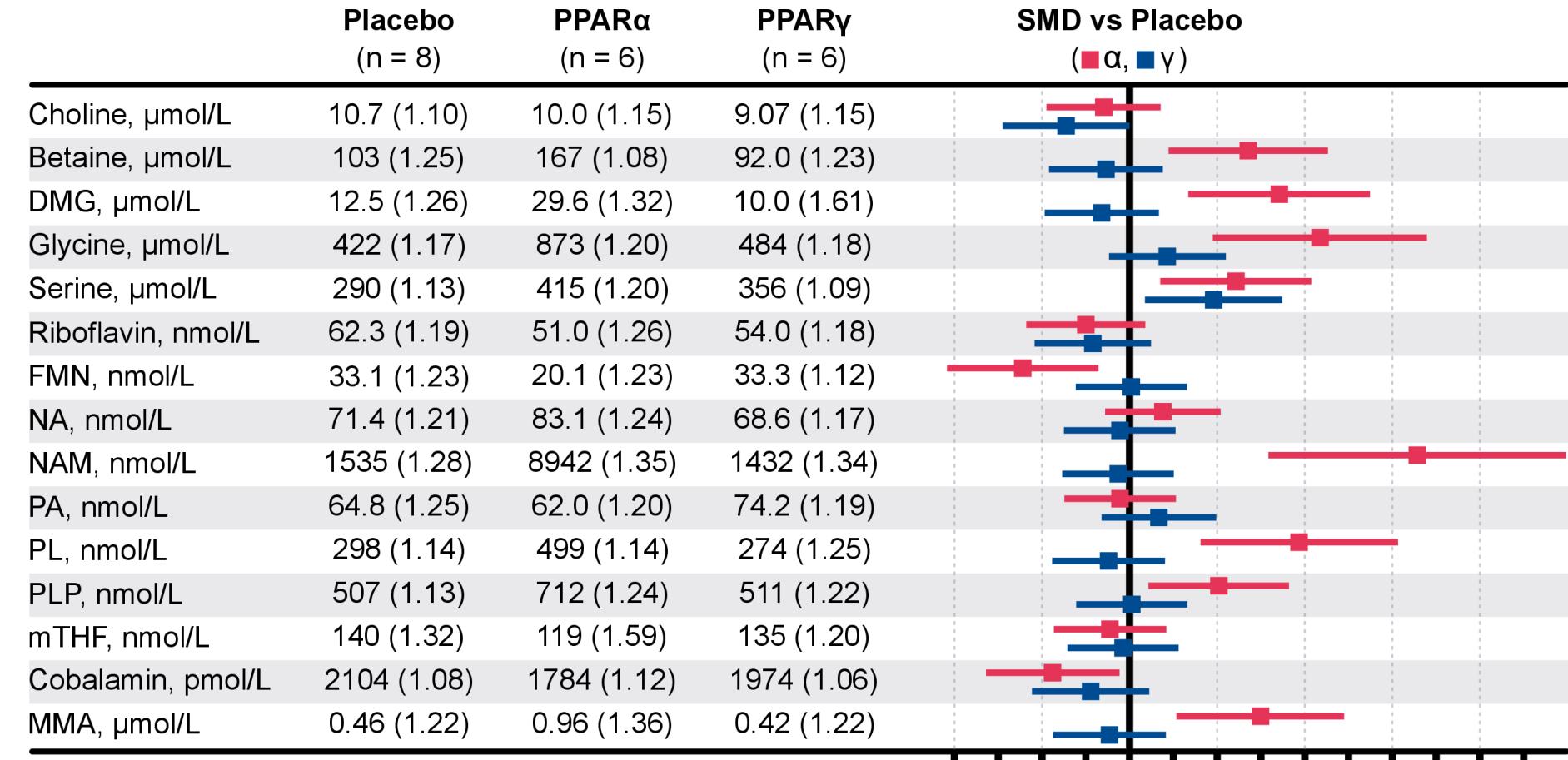


Study design



Effect of PPAR activation

One-carbon metabolites and B-vitamins



Values are geometric means (Multiplicative SD)

Conclusion

Activation of PPAR α , but not PPAR γ , influences plasma concentration of metabolites along the choline oxidation pathway and markers of B-vitamin status in rats.

